§ 185.512

§ 185.512 Recommended emergency instructions format.

An emergency instruction placard containing the following information will satisfy the requirements of §185.510.

- (a) Emergency instructions—(1) Rough weather at sea, crossing hazardous bars, or flooding. (i) Close all watertight and weathertight doors, hatches, and airports to prevent taking water aboard or further flooding in the vessel.
- (ii) Keep bilges dry to prevent loss of stability due to water in bilges. Use power driven bilge pump, hand pump, and buckets to dewater.
- (iii) Align fire pumps to use as bilge pump if possible.
- (iv) Check all intake and discharge lines, which penetrate the hull, for leakage.
- (v) Passengers must remain seated and evenly distributed.
- (vi) Passengers must don life jackets if the going becomes very rough, the vessel is about to cross a hazardous bar, or when otherwise instructed by the master.
- (vii) Never abandon the vessel unless actually forced to do so.
- (viii) If assistance is needed follow the procedures on the emergency broadcast placard posted by the radiotelephone.
- (ix) Prepare survival craft (life floats, (inflatable) rafts, (inflatable) buoyant apparatus, boats) for launching.
- (2) Man overboard. (i) Throw a ring buoy overboard as close to the person as possible.
- (ii) Post a lookout to keep the person overboard in sight.
- (iii) Launch rescue boat and maneuver to pick up person in the water, or maneuver the vessel to pick up the person in the water.
- (iv) Have crew member put on life jacket, attach a safety line to him or her, and have him or her stand by jump into the water to assist the person overboard if necessary.
- (v) If person is not immediately located, notify Coast Guard and other vessels in vicinity by radiotelephone.
- (vi) Continue search until released by Coast Guard.
- (3) Fire. (i) Cut off air supply to fire—close items such as hatches, ports,

doors, ventilators, and louvers, and shut off ventilation system.

- (ii) Cut off electrical system supplying affected compartment if possible.
- (iii) If safe, immediately use portable fire extinguishers at base of flames for flammable liquid or grease fires or water for fires in ordinary combustible materials. Do not use water on electrical fires.
- (iv) If fire is in machinery spaces, shut off fuel supply and ventilation and activate fixed extinguishing system if installed.
- (v) Maneuver vessel to minimize effect of wind on fire.
- (vi) If unable to control fire, immediately notify the Coast Guard and other craft in the vicinity by radiotelephone.
- (vii) Move passengers away from fire, have them put on life jackets, and if necessary, prepare to abandon the vessel.
 - (b) [Reserved]

§185.514 Station bill.

- (a) A station bill must be posted by the master on a vessel of more than 19.8 meters (65 feet) in length having a Certificate of Inspection requiring more than four crew members at any one time, including the master.
- (b) The station bill required by paragraph (a) of this section must set forth the special duties and duty station of each crew member for various emergencies. The duties must, as far as possible, be comparable with the regular work of the individual. The duties must include at least the following and any other duties necessary for the proper handling of a particular emergency:
- (1) The closing of hatches, airports, watertight doors, vents, scuppers, and valves for intake and discharge lines that penetrate the hull, the stopping of fans and ventilating systems, and the operating of all safety equipment;
- (2) The preparing and launching of survival craft and rescue boats;
- (3) The extinguishing of fire; and
- (4) The mustering of passengers including the following:
- (i) Warning the passengers;